

THE LODGINGS TAX CODE

**Adopted by Ordinance No. 02-113
on July 30, 2002**

**Effective December 1, 2002
and continuing in effect until amended or repealed**

Amended by Ordinance No. 02-177 adopted 12/10/02

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CITY OF BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA

ORDINANCE NO. 02-113

AN ORDINANCE TO PROVIDE FOR A MUNICIPAL PRIVILEGE TAX IMPOSED ON THE RENTAL OF ROOMS, LODGINGS, AND ACCOMMODATIONS WITHIN THE CITY OF BIRMINGHAM.

BE IT ORDAINED by the Council of the City of Birmingham, Alabama, pursuant to Section 11-51-90 Code of Alabama 1975, as follows:

Section 1. DEFINITIONS. The following words, terms and phrases when used in this ordinance shall have the following meanings except **1)** when the context clearly indicates a different meaning or **2)** when the definition of such word or phrase conflicts with the same definition as contained in Section 40-26-1 or Section 40-2A-3 Code of Alabama 1975, in which case the State law definition will govern:

(a) “Business” means all activities engaged in, or caused to be engaged in, by any person with the object of gain, profit, benefit, or advantage, either direct or indirect to such person.

(b) “City” means the City of Birmingham, Alabama.

(c) “Department” means the Department of Finance of the City of Birmingham, and includes the Director of Finance.

(d) “Director of Finance” or **“Director”** means the Director of Finance of the City of Birmingham, Alabama or his or her duly authorized agent.

(e) “Final Assessment” means the final notice of value, underpayment, or nonpayment of any tax administered by the department.

(f) “Gross Receipts” means the total gross charges, both cash and credit, from the rental of any room, rooms, lodgings, accommodations, and including any charges for the use or rental of tangible personal property and services furnished in connection therewith, and also including total collections made on credit charges previously claimed as deductions.

(g) “Notice of Appeal” means any written notice sufficient to identify the name of the taxpayer or other party appealing, the specific matter appealed from, the basis for such appeal, and the relief sought.

(h) “Person” or **“Company”** means and includes any individual, firm, foreign or domestic corporation, partnership, association, joint-stock company or joint-stock corporation, trust, business trust, cooperative non-profit membership, joint venture, estate, receiver, syndicate, holding company, society, limited liability company, limited liability partnership, unincorporated organization, and any other group or entity, or combination acting as a unit, in the singular or plural,

and shall also include the agent or employee having charge or control of a business in the absence of the principals.

(i) **“Petition for Refund”** shall mean a written request for a refund of tax previously paid, including in the form of an amended return. Unless otherwise provided by law, such request shall include sufficient information to identify the type and amount of tax overpaid, the taxpayer, the period included, the reasons for the refund and sufficient documentation as required by the Director of Finance.

(j) **“Petition for Review”** shall mean a written document filed with the department in response to a preliminary assessment in which the taxpayer sets forth reasonably specific objections to the preliminary assessment.

(k) **“Preliminary Assessment”** shall mean the preliminary notice of value or underpayment of any tax administered by the department.

(l) **“Private Auditing or Collecting Firm”** means any person in the business of collecting, through contract or otherwise, lodgings taxes for the City of Birmingham, or auditing any taxpayer, through the examination of books and records, for the City of Birmingham.

(m) **“Return”** shall mean any report, document, or other statement required to be filed with the department for the purpose of paying, reporting, or determining the proper amount of value or tax due.

(n) **“Tax”** shall mean any amount, including applicable penalty and interest, levied or assessed against a taxpayer and which the department is required or authorized to administer under the provisions of Alabama law.

(o) **“Taxpayer”** means any person subject to or liable for tax herein levied; any person required to file a return with respect to, or to pay or remit the tax herein levied, or to report any information or value to the department, or its designee; or any person required to obtain or holding any interest in any license issued by the department, or its designee, or any person that may be affected by any act or refusal to act by the department, or its designee, or to keep any records required by this ordinance.

(p) **“Taxpayer’s Authorized Representative”** means any individual with written authority or power of attorney to represent a taxpayer before the department; provided however, that nothing herein shall be construed as entitling any such individual who is not a licensed attorney to engage in the practice of law.

(q) **“Taxpayers’ Bill of Rights Pamphlet”** means a written pamphlet to be distributed by the department to all taxpayers whose books and records are being examined by the department, at or before the commencement of an examination, explaining in simple and nontechnical terms, the role of the department and the rights of the taxpayer whose books and records are being examined by the department during the examination and which shall be promptly revised from time to time to reflect

any changes in the applicable law or rules.

(r) References to the “*Code of Alabama 1975*” shall mean such sections as are currently in effect and as it or they may be amended.

(s) Where the phrase “*reasonable cause*” is used in this ordinance, it shall include, but not be limited to, those instances in which the taxpayer has acted in good faith. The burden of proving reasonable cause shall be on the taxpayer.

Section 2. LEVY OF TAX. Effective December 1, 2002, and pursuant to City of Birmingham Ordinance No. 02-113, adopted July 30, 2002, there is hereby levied and shall be collected and remitted as herein provided, a lodging privilege or license tax as hereinafter provided:

(a) Lodgings Tax Rate. On each person, firm, or corporation engaging or continuing within this City in the business of renting or furnishing any room or rooms, lodgings, or accommodations to transients in any hotel, motel, inn, tourist camp, tourist cabin, or any other place in which rooms lodgings, or accommodations are regularly furnished to transients for a consideration, there is hereby imposed, in addition to all other taxes of every kind now imposed by law, a privilege or license tax, in an amount to be determined by the application of the rate of *three percent (3%)* of the charge of such room, rooms, lodgings, or accommodations, including the charge for use or rental of personal property and services furnished in such rooms.

(b) Relationship to State Law. This ordinance and the taxes levied herein shall be subject to all definitions, exceptions, exemptions, proceedings, requirements, rules regulations, provisions, penalties, fines punishments and deductions that are applicable to the taxes levied pursuant to Section 40-26-1 et seq, Code of Alabama 1975 (the “Lodgings or Transient Occupancy Statutes”), except where inapplicable or herein otherwise provided.

Section 3. EXEMPTIONS.

3.1 GENERAL. There is exempted from the tax levied under this ordinance any rentals or services taxed under Division 1 of Article 1 of Chapter 23 of the Code of Alabama 1975. Taxes imposed by this ordinance shall be subject to all exemptions as are provided in Chapter 26, Title 40 Code of Alabama 1975, the State Lodging or Transient Occupancy Tax, as now or hereafter amended, all acts supplementary thereto except where inapplicable or where herein otherwise provided, all of which are adopted and made a part hereof by reference.

3.2 SPECIAL. Special exemptions from the taxes imposed by this ordinance are allowed in all other instances where the Lodgings Taxes levied under Chapter 26, Title 40, Code of Alabama 1975 are exempted under any other provision of the Code of Alabama 1975.

Section 4. LICENSE REQUIRED TO ENGAGE IN BUSINESS. If any person shall engage in or continue in any business for which a privilege tax is imposed by Section 2 of this ordinance as a condition precedent to engaging or continuing in such business, he shall apply for and obtain from the department a license to engage in and to conduct such business for the current tax year upon the condition that he shall pay the taxes accruing to the City under the provisions of this ordinance; provided, that no license shall be issued under the provisions of this ordinance to any person who has not complied with the provisions of this ordinance, and no provision of this ordinance shall be construed as relieving any person from the payment of any license or privilege tax now or hereafter imposed by law.

Section 5. FILING OF RETURNS; PAYMENT OF THE TAX; ANNUAL RETURN AND PAYMENT; BULK SUBMISSIONS.

5.1 Due Date and Contents of Returns; Payment of the Tax. Effective December 1, 2002, the taxes levied under the provisions of this ordinance shall be due and payable in monthly installments on or before the 20th day of the month next succeeding the month in which the tax accrues. On or before the twentieth (20th) day of each month, every person on whom the amounts levied hereunder are imposed shall report to the department, on a form prescribed by the department, a true and correct statement showing:

- (1) The gross proceeds or gross receipts, as the case may be, of the business from the renting or furnishing of any rooms, lodgings, or accommodations, including any charges for the use or rental of personal property and services furnished in such rooms, lodgings or accommodations, for the current reporting period;
- (a) The amount of gross receipts which are not subject to the privilege or license tax, or are not to be used as a measure of the taxes due by such person, and the nature thereof;
- (b) The amount of lodgings tax due based on those gross receipts reported;
- (4) The number of rooming nights accrued during the reporting period;
- (e) The correct reporting period; and
- (6) Such other pertinent information as the department may deem necessary.

At the time of making such monthly report such person shall compute the privilege license taxes due and shall pay to the City the amounts shown to be due.

5.2 Annual Return and Payment. In addition to the monthly return required by this section, on or before January 31st of each year, each person, firm, or corporation liable for the payment of a privilege tax as levied by this ordinance shall make a return showing the gross proceeds of the

business during the preceding year and compute the amount of tax chargeable against him or it in accordance with the provisions of this ordinance, and deduct the amount of monthly payments as hereinbefore provided, if any have been made, and transmit with this report a remittance in the form required by this ordinance covering the residue of the tax chargeable against him, to the department, and such report shall be verified by oath.

5.3 Taxpayer's Responsibility When No Form Received. The department is authorized to provide prescribed printed forms necessary for compliance with the filing requirements outlined in this section. Failure of the taxpayer to receive forms from the department does not relieve the taxpayer of the responsibility of the timely reporting of the information required on the return, nor the timely payment of the tax.

5.4 Timely Mailing Treated as Timely Filing and Paying. The provisions outlined in this section for the timely filing of any returns, payments, claims, statements, or other documents shall be administered as herein provided.

- (1) **Date of Delivery.** If any return, claim, statement, or other document required to be filed, or any payment required to be made, within a prescribed period or on or before a prescribed date under the authority of any provision of this ordinance is, after such period or such date, delivered by United States mail to the Finance Department or to the department's designated depository where such return, claim, statement, or other document is required to be filed, or to which such payment is required to be made, the date of the United States postmark stamped on the cover in which such return, claim, statement, or other document, or payment, is mailed shall be deemed to be the date of delivery, or the date of payment, as the case may be; provided, however:
 - (a) **Weekends and Holidays.** When the due date falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or City of Birmingham holiday, payment of the tax may be made without penalty on the first working day following the due date.
 - (b) **Mailing Requirements.** The return, claim, statement, or other document, or payment was, within the time prescribed in subsection (1) above, deposited in the mail in the United States in an envelope or other appropriate wrapper, postage prepaid, properly addressed to the Finance Department or to the department's designated depository where such return, claim, statement, or other document is required to be filed, or to where such payment is required to be made.
- (2) **Delivery By Method Other Than United States Mail.** Returns, claims, statements, or other documents, or payments which are required under any provision of this ordinance which are delivered by any method other than by mailing shall be considered timely filed when such items are received in the Finance Department or the department's designated depository on the due date prescribed.

- (3) **Untimely Filing.** Any return, payment, claim, statement, or other document not received in accordance with the provisions of this section shall be deemed untimely filed and shall be assessed applicable penalties and interest as prescribed by the relevant sections of this ordinance.

5.5 Bulk Submissions. The department may accept, for reporting and payment of taxes due the City, bulk submissions of reports, and under regulations promulgated by the department, payments owed to the City made on behalf of the taxpayer by its properly authorized representative where such submissions are made using the appropriate form prescribed by the department, as provided in Section 11-51-210(d) Code of Alabama 1975. Any such bulk submissions of reports and payments shall include:

1. The City's assigned taxpayer identification number for each such taxpayer for each tax paid; and,
2. Sufficiently detailed information by which each taxpayer can be identified such that a determination can be made as to the amount and method of assessment of tax against such taxpayer for the City.

The acceptance by the City of such bulk submissions shall not relieve the taxpayer on whose behalf such submissions were made from liability for any lodgings tax arising from an error or omission made by the taxpayer's representative. Such bulk submission shall be signed by the taxpayer or its properly authorized representative.

Section 6. EXTENSION OF TIME FOR MAKING RETURN. The Director of Finance, for reasonable cause, may extend the time for making any return required under the provisions of this ordinance, however, the time for filing any such return shall not be extended for a period greater than thirty (30) days from the date such return is due to be made and shall not prevent penalty and interest from accruing during the period of such extension.

Section 7. *[Reserved]*

Section 8. OATHS. The monthly reports herein required to be made are not required to be made under oath, but wherever in this ordinance any report is required to be sworn to, the same shall be sworn to by the taxpayer or his agent before some officer authorized to administer oaths, and any false statement to a material fact made with intent to defraud shall constitute perjury and upon conviction thereof the person so convicted shall be punished as provided in Section 1-1-6 of the General Code of the City of Birmingham 1980, as amended and as may be amended.

Section 9. MAINTENANCE OF RECORDS; INVESTIGATIVE POWERS; AUDIT AND

SUBPOENA AUTHORITY. The provisions of this section shall be administered in accordance with the procedures set forth in Section 40-2A-7(a) Code of Alabama 1975.

9.1 RECORDS TO BE KEPT. It shall be the duty of every person, firm or corporation engaging or continuing in this City in any business for which a privilege or license tax is imposed by this ordinance, to keep and preserve an accurate and complete set of records suitable for the determination of the correct amount of gross receipts or gross proceeds of any such business and such other books or accounts as may be necessary to determine the amount of tax for which such person is liable under the provisions of this ordinance. It shall be the duty of every person, firm or corporation furnishing rooms, lodgings, or accommodations in this city to keep and preserve for a period of not less than five (5) years from the due date of the return on which the underlying tax is required to be reported, or five (5) years of the date the return is filed, whichever is later, all invoices of gross proceeds, or gross receipts, and other pertinent papers, in such form as the City may require, proceeding or accruing from the furnishing of rooms, lodgings, or accommodations herein taxed. All such books, invoices, equipment and other records shall be open for examination by the department, upon request, at a reasonable time and location.

- (a) **Reasonable Time and Reasonable Location.** “*Reasonable time*” shall be considered to be during normal business hours of the department. “*Reasonable location*” shall be considered to be the taxpayer’s place of business or the offices of the taxpayer’s authorized representative, provided such business or representative is located within a fifty (50) mile radius of the City of Birmingham. Taxpayers maintaining records outside of this radius must make records available at City Hall or at such other location as agreed upon by the department. The department, when conducting an audit, review, or examination for verification, may, at its election, require any taxpayer conducting business within the City to provide records, accounts, books, papers and other documents at a reasonable time and reasonable place agreed upon by the department, as provided herein.
- (b) **Taxpayer May Be Assessed Reasonable Costs.** As provided in Section 40-2A-6(d) Code of Alabama 1975, the department may assess and collect from the taxpayer, the reasonable costs, based on the then current state government employee per diem rates incurred by, or charged to, the City in connection with performing an examination of the taxpayer’s books and records if the taxpayer received notice by certified U.S. mail, return receipt requested, at least thirty (30) days prior to the date on which the examination was to commence, *and*
1. The taxpayer either failed or refused to respond or did not propose a reasonable alternative date on which the examination was to commence within 15 days of receipt of notice of the pending examination, *or* if
 2. The taxpayer and the department agreed in writing as to an alternative date on which the examination was to commence but the taxpayer then failed or refused to permit reasonable access to its books and records on the alternative date.

9.2 INVESTIGATIVE POWERS. Each taxpayer shall give to the Director of Finance the means, facilities and opportunity for the making of such audit, examination and investigation of the records, books, or other relevant information maintained by any taxpayer or other person for the purpose of computing and determining the correct amount of value or the correct amount of tax as provided for in Section 9.1. The Director of Finance is hereby authorized to examine any person under oath concerning any gross receipts or gross proceeds which were or should have been shown in a return, and to this end, he may compel the production of books, papers, records and the attendance of all persons before him, whether as parties or as witnesses, whom he believes to have knowledge of such gross receipts or gross proceeds.

- (a) Any taxpayer, or officer of a corporation or association, or partner of a partnership, or fiduciary of a trust, or responsible individual of any entity under a duty to maintain books and records pursuant to this ordinance, who fails or refuses to maintain or provide such records and books, or permit inspection, as required herein, shall be subject to the provisions of Section 11 of this ordinance, and shall be subject to contempt proceedings in the Circuit Court.

9.3 AUDIT AND SUBPOENA AUTHORITY; ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS. Section 40-2A-7(a), Code of Alabama 1975 outlines further requirements for the maintenance of records, in addition to the record keeping requirements set out in Section 9.1 of this ordinance. The department's authority to audit, to subpoena records, and to enter into contracts with private examining or collecting firms is granted pursuant to Act No. 98-191, the "*Local Tax Procedures Act of 1998*", Act No. 98-192, the "*Local Tax Simplification Act of 1998*", as well as Section 40-2A-7(a), Code of Alabama 1975, except where inapplicable or where herein otherwise provided.

Section 10. REFUNDS.

10.1 PETITIONS FOR REFUND. Any taxpayer may file a petition for refund with the department for any overpayment of tax erroneously paid to the department as provided in Section 40-2A-7(c)(1) Code of Alabama 1975. If a final assessment for the tax has been entered by the department, a petition for refund of all or a portion of the tax may be filed only if the final assessment plus applicable interest has been paid in full prior to or with the filing of the petition for refund. The petition for the refund must be filed in writing by the taxpayer who paid the privilege or license tax to the department. Unless otherwise provided by law, all petitions for refund shall include sufficient information to identify the type and amount of tax overpaid, the taxpayer, the period included, and the reasons for the refund, and sufficient documentation as required by the Director of Finance.

10.2 REFUND OVERPAYMENT APPLIED TO OTHER TAXES. Refund overpayments may be applied to other taxes as provided in Section 40-2A-7(c)(4) Code of Alabama 1975.

If a petition is granted by the department, or a court determines that a refund is due, the overpayment

shall be refunded to the taxpayer by the department. If the department determines that a refund is due, the amount of overpayment may first be credited by the department against any outstanding final tax liabilities due and owing by the taxpayer to the department, and the balance of any overpayment shall be refunded to the taxpayer. If any refund or part thereof is credited to any other tax by the department, the department shall provide a written detailed statement to the taxpayer showing the amount of overpayment, the amount credited for payment to other taxes, and the amount refunded.

10.3 TIME LIMITATIONS.

(a) A petition for refund must be filed in writing with the department within (i) three (3) years from the date the return was filed or (ii) two (2) years from the date of payment of the tax, whichever is later, or (iii) if no return was timely filed, two (2) years from the date of the payment of the tax.

(b) The department shall either grant or deny a petition for refund within six (6) months from the date the petition is filed, unless the period is extended by written agreement of the taxpayer and the department. The taxpayer shall be notified of the department's decision concerning the petition for refund by first class United States mail, or by certified mail, with return receipt requested, sent to the taxpayer's last known address. If the department is unable to grant a refund within the time provided herein due to the taxpayer's failure to provide adequate documentation, the petition for refund shall be deemed to be denied.

(c) The department and the taxpayer may, prior to the expiration of the period for the filing of a petition for refund, agree in writing to extend the time provided for filing the petition. The petition for refund may be filed at any time prior to the expiration of the period agreed upon. The period agreed upon may be extended by subsequent agreements in writing made before the expiration of the period previously agreed upon.

10.4 INTEREST ON REFUNDS. On any overpayment of any lodgings tax levied under any provisions of this ordinance, the City, in addition to the amount of the overpayment, shall refund interest thereon at the rate of one percent (1%) per month, or fraction thereof, from the date of such overpayment on any refund of tax erroneously paid. As provided in Section 11-51-208(f) Code of Alabama 1975, references in this subsection to "*erroneously paid*" taxes on which interest shall be due to the taxpayer shall only mean and refer to taxes erroneously paid to the City as a result of any error, omission, or inaccurate written advice by or on behalf of the City, including in connection with a prior examination of its books and records by the City.

Section 11. JEOPARDY, PRELIMINARY, FINAL ASSESSMENTS AND TIME LIMITATIONS.

11.1 JEOPARDY ASSESSMENTS. All jeopardy assessments issued by the department shall be executed pursuant to Section 40-29-91(a), (b), and (c) Code of Alabama 1975.

(a) If the Director of Finance finds that a taxpayer designs quickly to depart from the City of Birmingham or to remove his property therein or to do any other act tending to prejudice or to render wholly or partly ineffectual proceedings to collect any tax imposed by this ordinance, the Director

of Finance may issue notice of such finding to the taxpayer by personal service or mailing to his/her last known address, together with a demand for immediate payment of the tax declared to be in jeopardy, including, penalties and additions thereto and such taxes, penalty, interest, and additions thereto shall be immediately due and payable. A final assessment of such tax may be entered immediately and if the assessment is not paid upon such demand of the Director, the Director may forthwith issue a warrant for levy and distraint of any personal property of the taxpayer which shall be collected in the same manner and with the like effect as provided under Section 24 of this ordinance.

(b) In the case of a tax for a current period, the Director may declare the taxable period of the taxpayer immediately terminated and may at his discretion estimate the tax liability based upon the best information obtainable. Notice of such finding and declaration shall be issued to the taxpayer in the same manner as in subsection (a).

(c) When a jeopardy assessment has been made pursuant to subsection (a), the collection of all or any part of such assessment may be stayed by filing with the Director an approved bond conditioned upon the payment of the assessment together with applicable interest and cost of collection. The Director shall have sole discretion to approve or disapprove the bond, but such approval shall not be unreasonably withheld.

11.2 PRELIMINARY AND FINAL ASSESSMENTS. All preliminary and final assessments issued by the department shall be executed as provided in Sections 40-2A-7(b)(1)a, 40-2A-7(b)(3), 40-2A-7(b)(4), 40-2A-7(b)(1)b, and 40-29-91 Code of Alabama 1975. The terms “*preliminary assessment*” and “*final assessment*” shall have the respective meanings ascribed by Section 40-2A-3 Code of Alabama 1975.

(1) Entry Of Preliminary Assessment. If the department determines that the amount of any tax as reported on a return is incorrect, or if no return is filed, or if the department is required to determine value, the department may calculate the correct tax or value based on the most accurate and complete information reasonably obtainable by the department. The department may thereafter enter a preliminary assessment for the correct tax or value, including any applicable penalty and interest.

(2) Service Of Preliminary Assessment Upon Taxpayer. The preliminary assessment entered by the department, or a copy thereof, shall be promptly mailed by the department to the taxpayer’s last known address by either first class U.S. mail or certified mail with return receipt requested, but at the option of the department, the preliminary assessment may be delivered to the taxpayer by personal delivery.

(a) Disputed Preliminary Assessments. If a taxpayer disagrees with a preliminary assessment as entered by the department, the taxpayer may file a written petition for review with the Director of Finance within thirty (30) calendar days from the date of entry of the preliminary assessment, setting out the specific objections to the preliminary assessment and showing cause why such assessment should not be made

final. If a petition for review is timely filed, or if the department otherwise deems it necessary, the department shall schedule a conference with the taxpayer for the purpose of allowing the taxpayer and the department to present their respective positions, discuss any omissions or errors, and to attempt to agree upon any changes or modifications to their respective positions.

(b) If a written petition for an appeal/review:

1. Is not timely filed, or
2. Is properly filed, and upon further review the department determines the preliminary assessment is due to be upheld in whole or in part, the department may make the assessment final in the amount of tax due as computed by the department, with applicable interest and penalty computed to the date of entry of the final assessment.

(3) Service of Final Assessment Upon Taxpayer. The final assessment entered by the department, or a copy thereof, shall be mailed by the department to the taxpayer's last known address (i) by either first class U.S. mail or certified mail with return receipt requested in the case of assessments of tax of five hundred dollars (\$500) or less or (ii) by certified mail with return receipt requested in the case of assessments of tax of more than five hundred dollars (\$500). In either case and at the option of the department, the final assessment, or a copy thereof, may be delivered to the taxpayer by personal delivery.

11.3 TIME LIMITATION FOR ENTERING ASSESSMENT.

(a) Pursuant to Section 40-2A-7(b)(2) Code of Alabama 1975, any preliminary assessment must be entered within three (3) years from the due date of the return, or three (3) years from the date the return was filed with the department, whichever is later, or if no return is required to be filed, within three (3) years of the due date of the tax, except as follows:

- (1)** A preliminary assessment may be entered at any time if no return is filed as required, or if a false or fraudulent return is filed with the intent to evade tax;
- (2)** A preliminary assessment may be entered within six (6) years from the due date of the return or six (6) years from the date the return is filed with the department, whichever is later, if the taxpayer omits from the taxable base an amount properly includable therein which is in excess of twenty-five percent (25%) of the amount of the taxable base stated in the return.

For purposes of this paragraph:

- (a)** The term "*taxable base*" means the gross proceeds from renting, or furnishing any room or rooms, lodging, or accommodations to transients in any hotel, motel, inn, tourist camp, tourist cabin, or any other place in which rooms, lodgings, or accommodations are regularly furnished to transients for a consideration, gross receipts, or other amounts on which the tax paid with

the return is computed; and

- (b) In determining the amount omitted from the taxable base, there shall not be taken into account any amount which is omitted from the taxable base stated in the return if the amount is disclosed in the return, or in a statement attached to the return, in a manner adequate to apprise the department of the nature and amount of the item.
- (3) A preliminary assessment entered pursuant to Sections 40-29-72 and 40-29-73, Code of Alabama 1975, may be entered within five (5) years from the due date of the return on which the underlying tax is required to be reported or within five (5) years of the date the return is filed, whichever is later.

(b) The department and the taxpayer may, prior to the expiration of the period for entering a preliminary assessment, agree in writing to extend the time provided for entering the assessment. The tax may be assessed at any time prior to the expiration of the period agreed upon. The period agreed upon may be extended by subsequent agreements in writing made before the expiration of the period previously agreed upon.

(c) Additional tax may be assessed by the department within any applicable period allowed above, even though a preliminary or final assessment has been previously entered by the department against the same taxpayer for the same or a portion of the same tax period.

Section 12. APPEALS. Appeals from denial of refunds, jeopardy assessments, and final assessments shall be executed as provided in Sections 6-3-11, Code of Alabama 1975. A written notice of appeal shall be filed with the department and shall contain information sufficient to: (1) identify the name of the taxpayer or other party filing such notice of appeal, (2) identify the specific matter appealed from, (3) outlined the basis for such appeal, and (4) specify the relief sought.

12.1 APPEAL FROM REFUND DENIAL.

(a) A taxpayer may appeal from the denial in whole or in part of a petition for refund by filing a written notice of appeal with the Circuit Court within two (2) years from the date the petition is denied. The Circuit Court shall hear the appeal according to its own rules and procedures and shall determine the correct amount of refund due, if any.

(b) If an appeal is not filed with the Circuit Court, within two (2) years of the date the petition is denied, then the appeal shall be dismissed for lack of jurisdiction.

12.2 APPEAL FROM JEOPARDY ASSESSMENT.

(a) In any court proceeding to contest the jeopardy assessment or to enforce payment of the taxes made due and payable by virtue of the provisions of Section 11 of this ordinance, the finding of the Director of Finance made as herein provided, shall be for all purposes presumptive evidence of jeopardy.

(b) A final jeopardy assessment entered hereunder may be appealed to either the Director of Finance or the Circuit Court in the same manner as provided in subsection 12.4 of this section for the appeal of final assessments. On appeal to the Director of Finance or to the Circuit Court, the final jeopardy assessment shall be prima facie correct, and the burden of proof shall be on the taxpayer to prove such assessment is incorrect.

(c) If an appeal is not filed with the Director of Finance or in the Circuit Court within the time provided herein for appeals of final assessments, the appeal shall be dismissed for lack of jurisdiction.

12.3 APPEAL FROM PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT. *(Refer to Section 11.2 (2)(a) and (b).)*

12.4 APPEAL FROM FINAL ASSESSMENT.

(a) A taxpayer may appeal from any final assessment entered by the department by filing a written notice of appeal with the Director of Finance within thirty (30) days from the date of entry of the final assessment, and the appeal if timely filed, shall proceed as herein provided.

(b) In lieu of the appeal under paragraph (a) of this subsection, at the option of the taxpayer, the taxpayer may appeal from any final assessment to the Circuit Court by filing written notice of appeal within thirty (30) days from the date of entry of the final assessment with both the Director of Finance and the Circuit Court. If the appeal is to Circuit Court, the taxpayer shall, also within the thirty (30) day period allowed for appeal, either (i) pay the tax, interest, and any penalty shown on the final assessment, or (ii) file a supersedeas bond with the court in double the amount of the tax, interest, and any penalty shown on the final assessment. The supersedeas bond shall be executed by a surety company licensed and authorized to do business in the State of Alabama and shall be conditioned to pay the assessment plus applicable interest, penalty, and any court costs relating to the appeal. A taxpayer may appeal a final assessment to Circuit Court as provided herein, even though the taxpayer has paid the tax in issue prior to taking the appeal.

(c) The filing of the written notice of appeal with the Director of Finance or, in the case of appeals to the Circuit Court, the filing of such notice of appeal with both the Director of Finance and the Circuit Court, and also the payment of the assessment in full and applicable interest and penalty or the filing of a bond as provided herein, are jurisdictional. If such prerequisites are not satisfied within the time provided for appeal, the appeal shall be dismissed for lack of jurisdiction. On appeal to the Circuit Court or to the Director of Finance, the final assessment shall be prima facie correct, and the burden of proof shall be on the taxpayer to prove such assessment is incorrect.

Section 13. PENALTIES AND INTEREST. The provisions for penalties are pursuant to Section 40-2A-11 Code of Alabama 1975; provided, however, the rates and amounts of penalties are as provided herein.

13.1 FAILURE TO TIMELY FILE RETURN. If a taxpayer fails, neglects, or refuses to file any

return required to be filed with the department on or before the date prescribed therefor, determined with regard to any extension of time for filing granted by the Director of Finance, there shall be assessed, in addition to the tax due or the amount of tax herein required to be remitted, a penalty of ten percent (10%) of the amount due or fifty dollars (\$50.00), whichever is greater, together with interest thereon at the rate of one percent (1%) per month or fraction thereof, from the date at which the tax herein levied became due and payable, such penalty and interest to be assessed and collected as part of the tax as provided in Section 40-2A-11(a) Code of Alabama 1975.

13.2 FAILURE TO TIMELY PAY TAX. If a taxpayer fails, neglects, or refuses to remit to the Department the amount of tax shown as due on a return required to be filed on or before the date prescribed for payment of the tax, determined with regard to any extension of time for payment granted by the Director of Finance, there shall be added:

- (1) In addition to the tax due or the amount of tax herein required to be remitted; or
- (2) For any tax for which a monthly return is required; or
- (3) For which no return is required,

a penalty of ten percent (10%) of the unpaid amount shown as tax due on the return or the amount stated in the notice and demand, together with interest thereon at the rate of one percent (1%) per month or fraction thereof, from the date at which the tax herein levied became due and payable as provided in Section 40-2A-11(b) Code of Alabama 1975.

13.3 UNDERPAYMENT OF TAX. Any taxpayer failing to pay the tax herein levied to the City or any amount of tax herein required to be remitted and paid to the City, within the time required by this ordinance shall pay, in addition to the tax or the amount of tax herein required to be remitted, a penalty of ten percent (10%) the amount of tax due plus interest at the rate of one percent (1%) per month, or fraction thereof, from the date at which the tax or the amount of tax herein required to be remitted became delinquent, that is, due and payable to the City.

13.4 UNDERPAYMENT DUE TO NEGLIGENCE. If any part of any underpayment of tax is due to negligence or disregard of rules or regulations, there shall be added to the tax an amount equal to ten percent (10%) of that part of the tax attributable to negligence or disregard of rules or regulations. For the purpose of this section, the term “*negligence*” includes any failure to make a reasonable attempt to comply with this ordinance, and the term “*disregard*” includes any careless, reckless or intentional disregard as provided in Section 40-2A-11(c) Code of Alabama 1975.

13.5 UNDERPAYMENT DUE TO FRAUD. If any part of any underpayment of tax required to be shown on a return is due to fraud, there shall be added to the tax an amount equal to fifty percent (50%) of that portion of the underpayment which is attributable to fraud. For purposes of this section, the term “*fraud*” shall have the same meaning as ascribed to the term under Section 40-2A-11(d) Code of Alabama 1975.

13.6 FRIVOLOUS APPEAL PENALTY. If any appeal to the Director of Finance or to Circuit Court is determined to be frivolous or primarily for the purpose of delay or to impede collection of

the tax imposed by this ordinance, a penalty of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250.00) or twenty-five percent (25%) of the tax in question, whichever is greater, shall be assessed in addition to any tax due, as provided in Section 40-2A-11(f) Code of Alabama 1975.

13.7 PENALTIES NOT EXCLUSIVE. The penalties provided in this section for failure to timely file a return, failure to timely pay tax, underpayment of tax, underpayment due to negligence and fraud, or filing a frivolous appeal may be asserted against the same taxpayer for the same tax period, as provided in Section 40-2A-11(g) Code of Alabama 1975.

13.8 WAIVER OF PENALTIES. Penalties may be waived, in whole or in part, by the Director of Finance upon a determination of reasonable cause, pursuant to Section 40-2A-11(h) Code of Alabama 1975. Reasonable cause shall include, but not be limited to, those instances in which the taxpayer has acted in good faith. The burden of proving reasonable cause shall be on the taxpayer.

13.9 PENALTY AND INTEREST ASSESSED AS TAX. All penalties and interest, levied or assessed against a taxpayer and which are administered by the department shall be assessed and collected in the same manner as taxes.

13.10 INTEREST. Interest shall be computed at a rate of one percent (1%) per month, or fraction thereof and shall be added as provided herein to any tax or other amount due the department which is not paid by the due date. Interest on any delinquency or underpayment shall be charged from the due date of the tax, as provided in Section 40-1-44 Code of Alabama 1975.

13.11 ABATEMENT OF PENALTY. The department shall abate any penalty attributable to erroneous written advice furnished to a taxpayer by an employee of the department. However, this subsection shall apply only if the department employee provided the written advice in good faith while acting in his official capacity, the written advice was reasonably relied on by the taxpayer and was in response to a specific written request of the taxpayer, and the penalty did not result from the taxpayer's failure to provide adequate or accurate information.

13.12 PENALTY FOR FAILURE TO PERFORM DUTIES. Any person required to collect, truthfully account for, and/or pay over any tax imposed by this ordinance who willfully fails to collect such tax, or truthfully account for, and/or pay over such tax, or willfully attempts in any manner to evade or defeat any such tax or the payment thereof, shall, in addition to other penalties provided by law, be liable for a penalty up to the total amount of the tax evaded, or not collected, or not accounted for and paid over.

Section 14. CONFIDENTIALITY OF TAX RETURNS. The confidentiality provisions imposed by this ordinance shall be executed as provided in Section 40-2A-10(a), (d), (e), (f) and (g) Code of Alabama 1975.

(a) It shall be unlawful for any person to print, publish, or divulge, without the written permission or approval of the taxpayer, the tax return of any taxpayer or any part thereof or any information

secured in arriving at the amount of tax or value reported for any purpose other than the proper administration of any matter administered by the department, or upon order of any court, or as otherwise allowed in this section. Statistical information pertaining to taxes may be disclosed at the discretion of the Director of Finance. The Director of Finance may make written or verbal disclosure upon request as to the status of compliance of the taxpayer relative to this ordinance.

(b) A good standing certificate shall be issued to a requesting person with respect to a taxpayer, if the taxpayer has filed all tax returns due, and paid the taxes shown as payable in accordance with those returns.

(c) The Director of Finance shall promulgate reasonable regulations permitting and governing the exchange of tax returns, information, records, and other documents secured by the department, with tax officers of other agencies of the state, municipal, and county government agencies within the State of Alabama, federal government agencies, any association of state government tax agencies of Alabama or other states, and any foreign government tax agencies. However, (i) any tax returns, information, records, or other documents remain subject to the confidentiality provisions set forth in subsection (a); (ii) the department may charge a reasonable fee for providing information or documents for the benefit of the requesting agencies, and (iii) any exchange shall be for one or more of the following purposes:

- (1) Collecting taxes due.
- (2) Ascertaining the amount of taxes due from any person.
- (3) Determining whether a person is liable for, or whether there is probable cause for believing a person might be liable for the payment of any tax.

(d) Nothing herein shall prohibit the use of tax returns or tax information by the department in the enforcement, collection, and assessment of any tax levied or imposed by this ordinance, or any other matters administered by the department. The department may also divulge to a purchaser or successor of a business or stock of goods the outstanding tax liability of the seller for which the purchaser or successor may be liable pursuant to Section 16 of this ordinance. This section shall not preclude the inspection of returns by federal or foreign state agents pursuant to Section 40-18-53 Code of Alabama 1975.

(e) Nothing herein shall prohibit the exchange of information between and among county or municipal governments subject to the restrictions of this section.

(f) In no event shall any damages, attorney fees, or court costs be assessed against the City or against its elected officials, officers, or employees under this section.

Section 15. REGULATIONS MAY BE PROMULGATED; PAYMENTS DUE TAXPAYERS MAY BE WITHHELD. Regulations may be promulgated as provided in Section 40-26-19 and Section 11-51-204 Code of Alabama 1975.

15.1 REGULATIONS MAY BE PROMULGATED.

(a) The Director of Finance shall from time to time promulgate rules and regulations for making returns and for ascertainment, assessment and remittance of the tax imposed hereunder as he/she may deem necessary to enforce its provisions; and upon request shall furnish any taxpayer with a copy of such rules and regulations.

(b) The Director of Finance may prescribe, adopt, promulgate and enforce reasonable rules and regulations not in conflict with this ordinance relating to any matter or thing pertaining to the administration and enforcement of the provisions of this ordinance, including but not limited to provisions for the re-examination and correction of returns as to which overpayment or underpayment is claimed or found to have been made, and the rules and regulations so promulgated shall be binding upon all taxpayers.

(c) The Director of Finance shall prescribe printed forms for use by persons subject to the provisions of this ordinance and shall make such forms available at his/her office for use by such persons.

15.2 PAYMENTS DUE TAXPAYERS MAY BE WITHHELD. Pursuant to the Mayor-Council Act, Article VI, Section 6.04(o), Act No. 452-55, Acts of Alabama, the Director of Finance, in order to protect the interests of the City, is authorized to withhold the payment of any claim or demand for payment of monies due from the City to any vendor, contractor, consultant or other person having unpaid or delinquent tax or license liabilities until such unpaid tax, including applicable interest and penalties, shall first have been settled and adjusted. The Director of Finance shall notify the taxpayer by certified mail with return receipt requested, sent to the taxpayer's last known address, of his/her intention to make such levy, the effect of which shall be continuous from the date such levy is first made until the liability out of which such levy arose is satisfied.

Section 16. PURCHASER TO WITHHOLD TAXES FROM PURCHASE MONEY OR BE LIABLE. If any person subject to the provisions hereof shall sell out his business or stock of goods, or shall quit the business, he shall be required to make a final return, as provided for under Section 5 of this ordinance, and shall make payment of the taxes due within thirty (30) days after the date of selling or quitting business. His successor in business shall be required to withhold sufficient of the purchase money to cover the amount of said taxes herein required to be remitted, and any interest or penalties due and unpaid until such time as the former owner shall produce a receipt from the department showing that the taxes have been paid, or a certificate stating that no taxes are due. If the purchaser of a business or stock of goods shall fail to withhold purchase money as provided herein, and the taxes remain due and unpaid after the thirty (30) day period allowed, he shall be personally liable for the payment of the taxes herein required to be remitted, interest, and penalties accrued and unpaid on account of the operation of the business by the former owner. If in such cases the department deems it necessary in order to collect the taxes due the City, it may make a jeopardy assessment as provided in Title 40 Chapter 29 of the Code of Alabama 1975.

Section 17. DISPOSITION OF FUNDS DERIVED FROM TAXES. All monies derived from the lodgings tax levied under the provisions of this ordinance shall be paid to City and placed to the credit of the General Fund of the City of Birmingham, and shall be used and expended as authorized by law and ordinance.

Section 18. CASH AND CREDIT BUSINESSES. Any person, firm or corporation taxable under this ordinance having a cash and credit business may report such cash business and the taxpayer shall thereafter include in each monthly report all credit collections made during the month preceding and shall pay the taxes due thereon at the time of filing such report, but in no event shall the gross proceeds of such credit business be included in the measure of the tax to be paid until collections of such credit business shall have been made.

Sections 19 through 20. *[Reserved]*

Section 21. CREDIT FOR LODGINGS TAX ERRONEOUSLY PAID.

21.1 TAXES DUE THE CITY WHICH WERE ERRONEOUSLY PAID TO ANOTHER MUNICIPALITY.

- (a) **Requirement to Request Refund of Erroneous Tax Payment Within 60 Days of Notice to Avoid Interest, Penalties (Taxpayer).** In order to avoid the accrual of interest and any otherwise applicable penalties on the tax due the City of Birmingham, when a lodgings tax owed to the City of Birmingham is erroneously paid to a different municipality or county in good faith, based on a reasonable interpretation of the enabling ordinance, resolution, or act levying or authorizing the tax, but not under a requirement of law, the taxpayer making the erroneous payment must comply with the applicable refund procedures of such municipality or county within 60 days of receiving notice from the City, a county, or other municipality or its agent of the erroneous payment.
- (b) **Compliance With Refund Procedure; Interest, Penalties.** If the taxpayer complies with the refund procedure within the requisite 60-day period, the City shall not assess or attempt to assess the tax, or any related interest or otherwise applicable penalty thereon until the date of receipt of the overpayment from the refunding municipality or county by the taxpayer or the taxpayer's agent, and no interest or penalty thereon shall accrue until such date of receipt. *The taxpayer shall remit the disputed tax to the City within 15 days after receipt.*
- (c) **Failure to Comply With Refund Procedure; Interest, Penalties.** If the taxpayer fails to comply with the refund procedures within the requisite 60-day period, interest and any applicable penalties shall accrue on the tax to which the City is entitled from the sixty-first (61st) day and until such time as the tax is paid.

21.2 TAXES DUE TO ANOTHER MUNICIPALITY WHICH WERE ERRONEOUSLY PAID TO THE CITY OF BIRMINGHAM.

- (a) Requirement to Refund Overpayment of Erroneous Tax Payment Within 60 Days of Compliance With Refund Procedures (City of Birmingham).** If a lodgings tax owed to another municipality or county is erroneously paid to the City of Birmingham in good faith, based on a reasonable interpretation of the enabling ordinance, resolution, or act levying or authorizing the lodgings tax, but not under a requirement of law, the City shall refund the overpaid tax, without interest, to the taxpayer within 60 days of the taxpayer's compliance with applicable refund procedures provided in Section 10 of this Ordinance.
- (b) Refund of Excess Tax; Requirements.** Provided, however, that if the applicable rate of lodgings tax imposed by the City exceeds the rate of lodgings tax imposed by the proper locality under a requirement of law, the City shall not be obligated to refund the difference.

Section 22. [Reserved]

Section 23. COLLECTION AFTER ASSESSMENT. The tax herein required to be remitted may be collected by levy as provided in Section 40-29-51 Code of Alabama 1975, as follows:

(a) Length of period. Where the assessment of any tax imposed by this ordinance has been begun or made within the period of limitation properly applicable thereto, such tax may be collected by levy or by a proceeding in court, but only if the levy is made or the proceeding begun:

- (1)** Within the period allowed by law after the final assessment of the tax; or
- (2)** Prior to the expiration of any period for collection agreed upon in writing by the Director of Finance and the taxpayer before the expiration of such period allowed by law, (or, if there is a release of levy under Section 40-29-34 Code of Alabama 1975, after such period allowed by law, then before such release).

The period so agreed upon may be extended by subsequent agreements in writing made before the expiration of the period previously agreed upon. The period allowed by law as provided in this subsection during which a tax may be collected by levy shall not be extended or curtailed by reason of a judgment against the taxpayer.

(b) Date When Levy Is Considered Made. The date on which a levy on property or rights to property is made shall be the date on which the notice of seizure provided in Section 40-29-26 Code of Alabama 1975, is given.

Section 24. LIEN FOR TAXES. Pursuant to Sections 40-29-20, 40-29-21, and 11-51-96 Code of Alabama 1975, the provisions of this section shall apply to the taxes, and/or any penalty or interest payable thereon, levied under this ordinance.

(a) Notice of Lien. If any person liable to pay the privilege or license tax herein levied, neglects or refuses to pay the same within thirty (30) days of the final assessment, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty together with filing fees and any other costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the City of Birmingham upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, tangible or intangible, used in any exhibition, trade, business, vocation, occupation or profession for which a privilege or license tax is or may be required.

The department shall give a thirty (30) day “*Notice of Intent to File Lien*” to the taxpayer by any one of the following methods:

- (1) Given in person;
- (2) Left at the dwelling or usual place of business of such person; or
- (3) Sent by certified mail with return receipt requested to the taxpayer’s last known address.

(b) Term. Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by subsection (a) shall arise at the time the final assessment, return therefor or the payment thereof, whichever is prior, was due to have been filed with or made to the department, and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed (or a judgment against the taxpayer arising out of such liability) is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

(c) Right To Enforce Lien By Attachment. The department may enforce such lien in any court of competent jurisdiction, by attachment issued by any officer authorized to issue such writs, upon executing bond as in other cases of attachment, and upon making affidavit that the attachment is not sued out for the purpose of vexing or harassing the defendant, and describing the property on which the lien is claimed and setting forth all the facts necessary to the creation of the lien, and amount due and unpaid, (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty together with filing fees and any other costs that may accrue in addition thereto).

(d) Release of Lien. With respect to a lien described in this section, the Director of Finance shall, within ten (10) days, release the lien when the liability out of which such lien arose is satisfied, and shall promptly notify the person upon whom such lien was made that such lien has been released.

Section 25. COLLECTION BY CIVIL SUIT. The department may initiate and/or maintain a civil action to recover delinquent taxes herein levied, interest, penalties, and administrative cost incurred in connection therewith, in any court of competent jurisdiction, which remedy shall be in addition to any and all other remedies which may be provided.

Section 26. VIOLATOR MAY BE RESTRAINED FROM CONTINUING IN BUSINESS. Any taxpayer who shall violate any of the provisions of this ordinance may be restrained from continuing in business, and proper prosecution shall be instituted in the name of the City of Birmingham until such person shall have complied with the provisions of this ordinance.

Section 27. VIOLATIONS.

27.1 FAILURE TO PAY THE TAX, MAKE REPORTS, KEEP OR PROVIDE RECORDS.

Any person subject to the provisions of this ordinance, who shall fail to pay the tax, make the reports or any of them as herein required, or who shall fail to keep or provide records, or supply any information as herein required, shall, as provided in Section 40-26-8 Code of Alabama 1975, be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be fined not less than twenty-five dollars (\$25) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500.00) for each offense, and in addition, may be imprisoned for period not to exceed six (6) months. Each occurrence of such failure shall constitute a separate offense.

27.2 WILLFUL REFUSAL TO MAKE REPORTS OR PERMIT EXAMINATION OF RECORDS.

Any person subject to the provisions of this ordinance willfully failing or refusing to make the reports, furnish any supplemental returns or other data herein required, or who shall refuse to permit the examination of his records by the department, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be fined not less than fifty dollars (\$50.00) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500.00) for each offense, and in addition may be imprisoned for a period not to exceed six (6) months. Each month of failure to make such reports shall constitute a separate offense, and each refusal of a written demand by the department to examine, inspect or audit such records shall constitute a separate offense.

27.3 FAILURE TO ADD TAX TO PRICE OF SERVICE; REFUND OR ABSORPTION OF TAX PROHIBITED.

It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation engaged in or continuing within this city in any business for which a privilege or license tax is required by this ordinance to fail or refuse to add to the price of the service rendered the amount due by the taxpayer on account of the tax levied by this ordinance. Nor shall any person refund or offer to refund all or any part of the amount collected as tax under this ordinance or to absorb such tax or to advertise directly or indirectly the absorption or refund of such tax or any portion of the same. Any person firm, or corporation violating any of the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be fined in a sum not less than fifty dollars (\$50) nor more than one hundred dollars (\$100), or may be imprisoned in the city jail for not more than six months, or by both such fine and imprisonment, and each act or violation of the provisions of this ordinance shall constitute a separate offense.

27.4 VIOLATION OF ORDINANCE.

Any person who shall fail, neglect, or refuse to perform any duty imposed by this ordinance or other City ordinances, or any rule, regulation or law thereof,

or who shall fail or neglect to do or perform any act or series of acts as required by this ordinance or other City ordinances shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars (\$500.00) for each offense, and in addition may be imprisoned for a period not to exceed six (6) months, or by both such fine and imprisonment, pursuant to Section 1-1-6 General Code of the City of Birmingham 1980, as amended and as may be amended.

Section 28. REQUEST FOR RULING ON DETERMINATION OF TAXATION. Any taxpayer may request a ruling on the determination of whether amounts of gross receipts from the furnishing of rooms, lodgings, or accommodations by him or it are subject to the tax, or are not to be used as a measure of the taxes due and payable as levied by this ordinance. Such requests shall be made in writing to the Finance Department, and shall contain all pertinent facts, and shall include a copy of any written determinations or revenue rulings issued by the State of Alabama Department of Revenue relating to the item(s) in question.

Section 29. SEVERABILITY. The provisions of this ordinance are severable. If any provision, section, paragraph, sentence or part thereof, or the application thereof to any person, shall be declared unconstitutional or invalid, by a court of competent jurisdiction, such declaration shall not affect or impair the remainder of the ordinance, it being the legislative intent to ordain and enact each provision, section, paragraph, sentence and part thereof, separately and independently of each other.

Section 30. ARTICLE CUMULATIVE. This ordinance shall not be construed to repeal any of the provisions of The Business License Code of the City of Birmingham (Ordinance No. 97-183, as amended and as it may be amended), but shall be held to be cumulative and the amounts of the taxes herein levied shall be in addition to the amounts of other license taxes imposed by the City by its Business License Code.

Section 31. EFFECTIVE DATE OF ORDINANCE. This ordinance shall become effective and operative as such commencing on and after January 1, 2003, and on and after said date shall be binding in the City of Birmingham.

Adopted by the Council of the
City of Birmingham
December 10, 2002

BERNARD KINCAID
Mayor

A true copy.
PAULA R. SMITH, City Clerk

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